

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



12700 SW 72nd Ave.
Tigard, OR 97223

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

2019-20 FINANCIAL REPORT

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

2019-20 FINANCIAL REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

TERM EXPIRES

Linda Eskridge, Chair	June 30, 2023
Neal Lucht, Vice Chair	June 30, 2023
Calvin Nunn	June 30, 2021
Mark Lucht	June 30, 2021
Craig Loughridge	June 30, 2021
Jennifer Satter	June 30, 2021
Ralph Gierke	June 30, 2023

All board members receive mail at the District Office address below.

ADMINISTRATION

Tony Mann – Superintendent
Richard Gill – Business Manager

P.O. Box 188
Molalla, OR 97038-8113

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

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November 18, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Molalla River School District 35
Clackamas County, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, fiduciary activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Molalla River School District 35 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, fiduciary activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Molalla River School District 35, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions for OPEB for stipends and health insurance, or the schedules of Net Pension Liability and OPEB asset, or contributions for PERS or RHIA, or management's discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The listing of Board Members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 18, 2020 on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated November 18, 2020 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the reports is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



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**MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

The management of the Molalla River School District 35, Clackamas County, Oregon (the District), offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Molalla Public Schools for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and notes of this report, to enhance their understanding of the District's financial activities.

Financial Highlights

- The June 30 2020 net position of Molalla River School District in the government-wide financial statements was \$(7,283,257). The District invested \$7,713,801 in capital assets, net of related debt.
- At June 30, 2020 the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,235,500. This represents an increase of \$901,105 from the prior year. A majority of this balance is committed to sustaining school district curriculum and programs.
- At June 30, 2020, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$5,309,220 or about 18.74% of general fund expenditures. The increase in fund balance results from the district intentionally managing resources. The district plans to invest in strategic learning instructional practices in 2020 - 2021 which could decrease the general fund balance.
- Reserve funds for self insurance and future debt payments, which consist of a \$114,252 excess of revenue over expenses in the Debt Service Fund and (\$14,988) net change in fund balance in the Risk Management Fund, resulted in a combined net increased by \$99,264. Although these funds are technically restricted for specific purposes, the intention of reserves is to help mitigate and protect the general fund from large unanticipated negative cash flows and ultimately the stability of classroom instruction.
- The District's total liabilities decreased by \$3,303,655 during the 2019-20 fiscal year. The primary factor was the decrease in Net Pension Liability of \$2,791,508.
- This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Molalla Public School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Molalla Public Schools is improving or deteriorating.

- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). As is typical for a school district, Molalla Public Schools has governmental activities, which include instruction, support services, facilities, food services, community service, and debt service.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4 and 5 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements overseeing the use of fund accounting. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. All of the funds of the Molalla Public Schools can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The School Board sets appropriations within every fund each year (for instruction, support services, community services, facilities acquisition and construction, debt service, transfers, contingency, and un-appropriated ending fund balance) that establish the legal limits for expenditures of the District.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Molalla Public Schools reports four major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Other Governmental Funds.

Molalla Public Schools adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds as stated above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund individually to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 6 and 8 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 13 and 14 of this report.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 39 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and supplemental information including the District's bond and bond interest transactions, schedule of bond redemption and interest requirements and schedule of property tax transactions for the General Fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of Molalla Public Schools, Total Liabilities and deferred Inflows exceeded Total Assets and Deferred Outflows by \$7,283,257 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net Position at June 30, 2020 compared to June 30, 2019

	2020	2019	Difference
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 10,818,938	\$ 9,970,293	\$ 848,645
Net capital assets	7,713,801	10,054,032	(2,340,231)
Total Assets	18,532,739	20,024,325	(1,491,586)
Pension Related Items			
Total Deferred Outflows	5,720,107	8,176,467	(2,456,360)
Current Liabilities	2,720,692	2,841,427	(120,735)
Net Pension Liability	8,113,376	10,904,884	(2,791,508)
Noncurrent long-term debt	13,075,521	13,749,000	(673,479)
Noncurrent OPEB	2,582,437	2,300,370	282,067
Total Liabilities	26,492,026	29,795,681	(3,303,655)
Pension related items			
Total Deferred Inflows	5,044,077	2,745,806	2,298,271
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,713,801	10,054,032	(2,340,231)
Restricted	2,229,553	898,282	1,331,271
Unrestricted	(17,226,611)	(15,293,009)	(1,933,602)
Total net position	\$ (7,283,257)	\$ (4,340,695)	\$ (2,942,562)

The decrease in net position is primarily associated with the increase of the deferred inflows of pension related items of \$2,298,271

Capital assets, which consist of the District's land, buildings, building improvements, land improvements, vehicles, and equipment, represent about 41 percent of total assets compared to 50 percent in the prior year. The remaining assets consist mainly of investments, cash, grants, and property taxes receivable.

The District's largest liability, about 52 percent, is for the repayment of PERS pension bonds. Pension bonds were issued on October 31, 2002 and April 21, 2003 to pay off the district's portion of the debt associated with the Oregon Public Retirement System of which Molalla River School District is a member. Current liabilities, representing about 9 percent of the District's total liabilities, consist almost entirely of payables on accounts, salaries and benefits, and the current portion of long-term debt.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets for classrooms and supporting services for providing K-12 education; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities:

Change in Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30 2020

	2020	2019	Increase (Decrease)	%
Revenues				
Function revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 241,329	\$ 534,280	\$ (292,951)	(54.8)
Operating grants and contributions	1,580,770	1,978,054	(397,284)	(20.1)
Total function revenues	1,822,099	2,512,334	(690,235)	(27.5)
General revenues				
Property taxes	8,768,311	8,306,379	461,932	5.6
State school fund	21,027,149	19,124,908	1,902,241	9.9
Unrestricted local and intermediate	3,336,718	3,368,428	(31,710)	(0.9)
Investment earnings	274,645	312,246	(37,601)	(12.0)
Loss on disposal of assets	(2,077,703)	0	(2,077,703)	n/a
Total general revenues	31,329,120	31,111,961	217,159	0.7
Total revenues	33,151,219	33,624,295	(473,076)	(1.4)
Expenses				
Instruction	19,973,395	19,695,960	277,435	1.4
Support services	13,767,696	13,586,009	181,687	1.3
Enterprise and community services	693,901	917,005	(223,104)	(24.3)
Facilities acquisition and construction		(354,397)		
Interest on long-term debt	1,658,789	1,557,674	101,115	6.5
Total expenses	36,093,781	35,402,251	337,133	1.0
Increase in net position	(2,942,562)	(1,777,956)	n/a	n/a
Net position - beginning	(4,340,695)	(2,562,739)	n/a	n/a
Net position - ending	\$ (7,283,257)	\$ (4,340,695)	\$ (2,942,562)	67.8

Total revenues decreased approximately \$473,076 from June 30, 2019. A large increase in the State School Fund was offset by a Loss on disposal of assets. The aquatic center land and property owned by the school district was transferred to the recently formed Molalla Aquatic District. The function revenues decreased by \$690,235. Other sources of revenue for 2019-20 included increases and decreases.

Since the District's mission is to provide a free and appropriate public education for K-12 students within its boundaries, the District may not charge for its academic services. Charges for services stem from activities related to the School Lunch Program and Pay-to-Play fees for athletics. Total fees represented 0.73 percent of total resources.

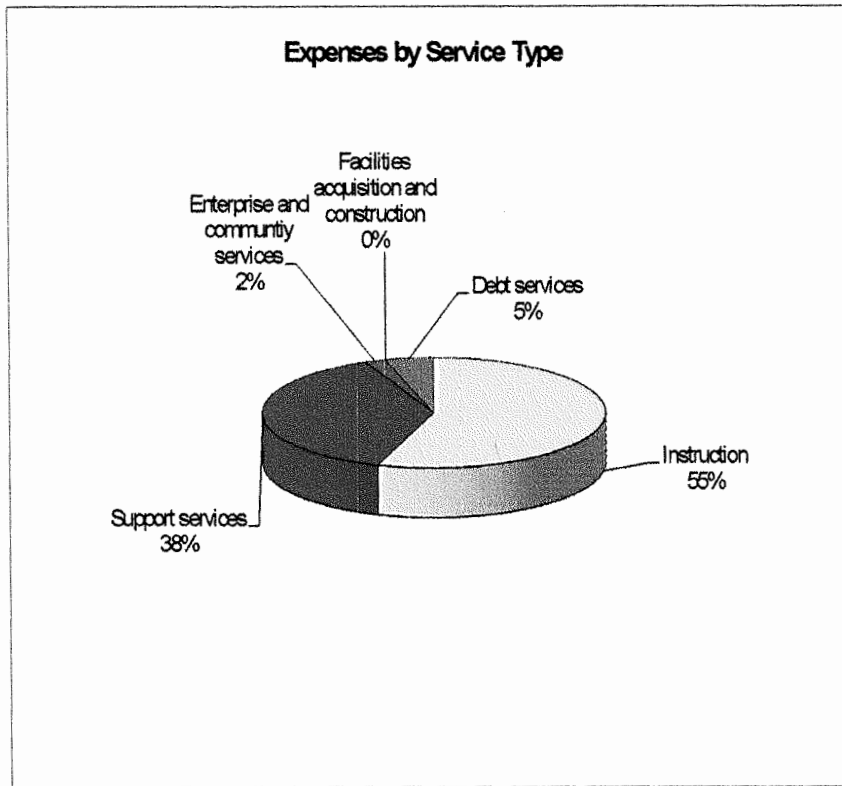
Operating grants are comprised primarily of dollars allocated by the Federal Government and distributed by the State of Oregon. Reimbursements from the Federal School Lunch Program are also included. Federal financial assistance decreased from the prior year by \$141,535.

General Revenues account for more than 95 percent of all resources. The State School Support Fund (SSSF) is the largest group of resources. Each Oregon school district receives money from the state based upon an average weighted student membership formula (ADMw). The formula is allocated by multiplying a dollar rate per student established by the legislature every two-year period (bi-annum). All General Fund Ad Valorem Taxes, County School Fund, State School Support, Common School Fund, and Federal Forest Fees are included in the SSF formula.

Expenses. Expenses related to governmental activities are presented in five broad functional categories. Costs of direct classroom instruction activities account for 55% of the total expenses of \$36,093,781. In addition, approximately 43% of the costs in support services relate to students, instructional staff and school administration.

Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Instruction	\$ 19,973,395	\$ 19,010,493
Support services	13,767,696	12,938,888
Enterprise and community services	693,901	663,512
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	0
Debt services	1,658,789	1,658,789
Total	\$ 36,093,781	\$ 34,271,682



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on relatively short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* and any unused *budgeted contingencies* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The district did not spend any of the budgeted contingency for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$5,309,220. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund revenue. General Fund balance represents 17.79 percent of General Fund revenues.

Debt Service fund balance increased by \$114,252 and ended the year at \$1,304,392.

The Capital Project fund balances decreased by \$253,439 and ended the year at \$971,052.

Fund Budgetary Highlights

Expenditures of all the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$7,713,801 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, furniture, vehicles and construction in progress. Capital assets for the prior year amounted to \$10,054,032 and reflect a decrease of \$2,340,231. This decrease is net of acquisitions and normal depreciation.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	<u>June 30 , 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Total Percentage Change</u>
Land	\$ 779,940	\$ 787,025	-0.90%
Buildings and improvements	6,288,553	8,327,612	-24.49%
Vehicles and equipment	<u>645,308</u>	<u>939,395</u>	-31.31%
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,713,801</u>	<u>\$ 10,054,032</u>	

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$13,713,780. This is for Pension bonds issued on October 31, 2002 and April 21, 2003 to pay off the district's portion of the Unfunded Actuarial Liabilities associated with the Oregon Public Retirement System of which Molalla River School District is a member. The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$580,414 during the current fiscal year.

Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Total Percentage Change</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 13,606,101	\$ 14,117,695	-3.62%
Capital Leases	0	32,544	-100.00%
Accrued Discount PERS Bond	<u>107,679</u>	<u>143,955</u>	-25.20%
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 13,713,780</u>	<u>\$ 14,294,194</u>	

The pension bonds issued in 2002 and 2003 were part of a state-wide effort, to reduce pension debt, sponsored by the Oregon School Boards Association (OSBA). Moody's and Standard & Poor's gave ratings of A1 and AA- respectively to the group pension issue.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in note 8 on page 24 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

- The 2019 legislative Session appropriated \$9.000 billion for the state school fund for the two-year period ending June 30, 2021. The economic disruption associated with the pandemic has resulted in setting aside plans contained in the 2020 – 2021 budget. The district is incurring unanticipated costs and is focusing on increasing contingency funds when possible.
- District licensed employees are represented by the Molalla River Education Association (MREA), affiliated with the Oregon Education Association (OEA) and the National Education Association and have an agreement with the District through June 2021.
- District classified employees are represented by the Oregon School Employees Association (OSEA) and have an agreement with the District through June 2021.
- Student membership is expected to increase slowly over the next several years. The district receives approximately \$8,585 per student from the State School Support Fund. Any loss in student membership creates a financial burden upon the district.
- The School Board has a policy that targets an ending fund cash balance goal of at least 8 percent of total adopted revenues. It is projected that a surplus of this size will be attainable during both years of the bi-annum and the School Board continues to discuss fund balance amounts appropriate for future budgets.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Molalla Public Schools' finances for all those with an interest in the school district's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District Office, Molalla River School District, P.O. Box 188, Molalla, OR, 97038-8113.

Respectfully submitted,

Tony Mann, Superintendent

Richard Gill, Business Manager

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,122,481
Receivables:	
Accounts	1,145,746
Property taxes	281,157
Interest	8,512
Prepaid expenses	11,564
Net OPEB Asset - RHIA	249,478
Capital assets, net of depreciation:	
Land	779,940
Buildings, vehicles and equipment	6,933,861
Total assets	<u>18,532,739</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Deferrals - PERS	5,699,436
OPEB Related Deferrals - RHIA	1,435
Pension Related Deferrals - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	19,236
Total Deferred Outflows	<u>5,720,107</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	<u>24,252,846</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	489,138
Payroll deductions and withholdings	1,177,983
Due to fiduciary funds	329,257
Accrued Compensated Absences	86,055
Unearned revenues	-
Long-term debt due within one year	638,259
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	13,075,521
Net Pension Liability - PERS	8,113,376
Net Pension Liability - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	146,455
Net OPEB Liability - OPEB Implicit Medical Benefit	2,435,982
Total liabilities	<u>26,492,026</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Deferrals - PERS	4,118,087
OPEB Related Deferrals - RHIA	63,665
OPEB Related Deferrals - OPEB Implicit Medical Benefit	855,007
Pension Related Deferrals - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	7,318
Total Deferred Inflows	<u>5,044,077</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	<u>31,536,103</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,713,801
Restricted for:	
Grants	197,223
Capital projects	478,460
Debt Service	1,304,392
OPEB - RHIA	249,478
Unrestricted	(17,226,611)
Total net position	<u>\$ (7,283,257)</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2020

FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Change in Net Position
				Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$ 19,973,395	\$ 88,174	\$ 874,728	\$ (19,010,493)
Support services	13,767,696	153,155	675,653	(12,938,888)
Enterprise and community services	693,901	-	30,389	(663,512)
Interest on long-term debt	1,658,789	-	-	(1,658,789)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 36,093,781</u>	<u>\$ 241,329</u>	<u>\$ 1,580,770</u>	<u>(34,271,682)</u>
General revenues:				
Property taxes				8,768,311
Construction excise tax				101,123
State revenue sharing				21,027,149
Unrestricted local				2,953,959
Unrestricted intermediate sources				281,636
Earnings on investments				274,645
Gain / (Loss) on disposal of assets				(2,077,703)
Total general revenues				<u>31,329,120</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(2,942,562)
Net position - July 1, 2019				<u>(4,340,695)</u>
Net position - June 30, 2020				<u>\$ (7,283,257)</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
June 30, 2020

	GENERAL	FEDERAL GRANTS	DEBT SERVICE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 9,095,688	\$ -	\$ 26,793	\$ -	\$ 9,122,481
Accounts receivable	188,673	427,143	-	529,930	1,145,746
Taxes receivable	254,498	-	-	26,659	281,157
Due from other governmental funds	54,089	-	1,277,599	1,262,929	2,594,617
Interest receivable	8,512	-	-	-	8,512
Prepaid expenses	7,564	-	-	4,000	11,564
Total assets	\$ 9,609,024	\$ 427,143	\$ 1,304,392	\$ 1,823,518	\$ 13,164,077
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Due to other governmental funds	\$ 2,459,748	\$ 426,478	\$ -	\$ 253,031	\$ 3,139,257
Accounts payable	468,214	665	-	9,923	478,802
Payroll deductions and withholdings	1,177,983	-	-	-	1,177,983
Other short term liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	4,105,945	427,143	-	262,954	4,796,042
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	132,535	-	-	-	132,535
Total deferred inflows of resources	132,535	-	-	-	132,535
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	7,564	-	-	-	7,564
Restricted for:					
Grants	-	-	-	197,223	197,223
Capital projects	-	-	-	478,460	478,460
Debt Service	-	-	1,304,392	-	1,304,392
Committed	-	-	-	774,015	774,015
Assigned	53,760	-	-	110,866	164,626
Unassigned	5,309,220	-	-	-	5,309,220
Total fund balances	5,370,544	-	1,304,392	1,560,564	8,235,500
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 9,609,024	\$ 427,143	\$ 1,304,392	\$ 1,823,518	\$ 13,164,077

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020

TOTAL FUND BALANCES \$ 8,235,500

The net asset (liability) is the difference between the total liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.

Net Pension Liability - PERS	(8,113,376)	
Net OPEB Asset - RHIA	249,478	
Net OPEB Liability - OPEB Implicit Medical Benefit	(2,435,982)	
Net Pension Liability - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	<u>(146,455)</u>	(10,446,335)

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to

Deferred Outflows - PERS	5,699,436	
Deferred Inflows - PERS	(4,118,087)	
Deferred Outflows - RHIA	1,435	
Deferred Inflows - RHIA	(63,665)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	19,236	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB Early Retirement Stipend	(7,318)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB Implicit Medical Benefit	<u>(855,007)</u>	676,030

Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Cost	38,412,741	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(30,698,940)</u>	7,713,801

The assets and liabilities of the Internal service fund are included in government activities in the Statement of Net Position 205,047

A portion of the District's property taxes are collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's operations, and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

Property tax unearned 132,535

Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest in long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of:

Accrued compensated absences	(86,055)	
Bonds payable	(13,606,101)	
Accrued discount on bonds payable	<u>(107,679)</u>	<u>(13,799,835)</u>

TOTAL NET POSITION \$ (7,283,257)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	GENERAL	FEDERAL GRANTS	DEBT SERVICE	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 9,330,814	\$ -	\$ 2,284,635	\$ 851,778	\$ 12,467,227
Intermediate sources	281,636	-	-	-	281,636
State sources	20,183,445	-	-	843,704	21,027,149
Federal sources	50,390	1,029,045	-	427,978	1,507,413
Total revenues	29,846,285	1,029,045	2,284,635	2,123,460	35,283,425
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	16,672,850	645,792	-	782,878	18,101,520
Support services	11,653,252	364,707	-	445,868	12,463,827
Community service & enterprise	-	18,546	-	610,324	628,870
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	985,869	985,869
Debt service	-	-	2,170,383	-	2,170,383
Total expenditures	28,326,102	1,029,045	2,170,383	2,824,939	34,350,469
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,520,183	-	114,252	(701,479)	932,956
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	338	-	-	-	338
Transits	(32,189)	-	-	-	(32,189)
Transfer in	248,999	-	-	599,914	848,913
Transfer out	(697,299)	-	-	(151,614)	(848,913)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(480,151)	-	-	448,300	(31,851)
Net change in fund balance	1,040,032	-	114,252	(253,179)	901,105
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	4,330,512	-	1,190,140	1,813,743	7,334,395
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 5,370,544	\$ -	\$ 1,304,392	\$ 1,560,564	\$ 8,235,500

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 901,105

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

The pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits.

PERS		(2,060,282)
RHIA		102,634
OPEB - Implicit Medical Benefit		(39,878)
OPEB - Early Retirement Stipend		1,814

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Loss on disposal of capital asset		(2,077,703)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		(338)
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 780,614	
Less current year depreciation	<u>(1,042,804)</u>	(2,340,231)

Internal service funds are used by the District to charge the costs of Worker' Compensation and Unemployment Compensation to the individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (14,988)

Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments:

Debt principal repaid		<u>544,138</u>	544,138
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Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. 36,276

Property tax revenue in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds. In the governmental funds, which are on the modified accrual basis, the District recognizes unearned revenue for all property taxes levied but not received, however in the Statement of Activities, there is no unearned revenue and the full property tax receivable is accrued. (22,313)

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds when they are paid. In the Statement of Activities compensated absences are recognized as an expense when earned. (Net) (50,837)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ (2,942,562)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
ASSETS	
Due from other governmental funds	\$ 215,383
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	10,336
NET POSITION	
Total net position	\$ 205,047

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
REVENUES	
Local sources	\$ 11,212
Total revenues	<u>11,212</u>
EXPENSES	
Support services	<u>26,200</u>
Change in net position	(14,988)
NET POSITION, beginning of year	<u>220,035</u>
NET POSITION, end of year	<u>\$ 205,047</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
Cash flow from operating activities:	
Receipts from other funds	\$ -
Net cash provided by operating activities	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-
CASH BALANCE, beginning of year	-
CASH BALANCE, end of year	\$ -

NOTE: For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no cash revenues or cash expenses associated with the proprietary fund, and thus the statement of cash flows shows no activity.

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 June 30, 2020

	<u>TRUST FUND</u>	<u>AGENCY FUND</u>
	<u>SCHOLARSHIP TRUST FUND</u>	<u>STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 149,507
Due from other governmental funds	329,257	-
Total assets	<u>329,257</u>	<u>149,507</u>
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups	-	149,507
NET POSITION		
Assets held in trust for scholarships	<u>\$ 329,257</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - TRUST FUND
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>SCHOLARSHIP TRUST FUND</u>
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 3,394
Earnings on investments	<u>8,209</u>
Total additions	<u>11,603</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships	<u>8,100</u>
Total deductions	<u>8,100</u>
Changes in net position	3,503
NET POSITION, beginning	<u>325,754</u>
NET POSITION, ending	<u><u>\$ 329,257</u></u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Molalla River School District 35 (the District) was established on July 1, 1993 as the result of the unification of the former Clarkes School District No. 32, Dickey Prairie School District No. 25, Maple Grove School District No. 87, Molalla Elementary School District No. 35, Mulino School District No. 84, Rural Dell School District No. 92 and Schuebel School District No. 80 merged into Molalla Union High School District No. 4 to form the present District. The District assumed all assets and liabilities of the elementary districts, except for bonded debt.

The District is governed by an elected board, and is a special-purpose primary government exercising financial accountability for all public education within its boundaries. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all significant activities and organizations have been included in the basic financial statements. Component units, as established by GASB Statement 61, are separate organizations that would be included in the District's reporting because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. Based on these criteria, there are no component units.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the governmental and proprietary financial activities, excluding the fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of its functions/programs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to that function. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or others for tuition, fees, rentals, materials, supplies or services provided, (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes and state support, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the funds including those of a fiduciary nature. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

There are the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Federal Grants Fund – The Grants Fund includes Title I, IDEA, and other federally financed special project funds. The principal sources of revenue are grants from governmental agencies. The primary uses of revenue are salaries and supplies specifically requested with application for grant.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest of the general obligation bonds. The principal revenue source is property taxes.

There is the following proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund – This fund's purpose is to account for costs and claims related to risk management.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROLLED INTO THE GENERAL FUND FOR GASB 54 PURPOSES

As discussed at Note 2 (Fund Balance), financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010 must report as Special Revenue funds only those which have a substantial portion of revenue inflows from restricted or committed revenue sources. The MHS Land Lab fund is combined into the General fund because the primary revenue source is transfers from the General fund or there is not revenue to report.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the business-type fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, savings deposits, demand deposits and cash with the county treasurer are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value or estimated fair value.

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1st on personal and real property values assessed as of the same date. Collection dates are November 15th, February 15th and May 15th following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15th or February 15th. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16th are considered delinquent. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

Uncollected property taxes are shown in the combined balance sheet. Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. Property taxes collected within approximately sixty days of fiscal year-end are recognized as revenue.

The remaining balance of taxes receivable is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GRANTS

Unreimbursed grant expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Cash and donated commodities received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenue on the combined balance sheet.

SUPPLIES INVENTORY

Supplies inventory is valued at cost using first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Accounting for supplies inventory is based on the consumption method for the government-wide financial statements. Under the consumption method inventory is recorded when purchased and expenditures/expenses are recorded when inventory items are used. Donated commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures. The amount of unused supplies inventory and donated commodities at balance sheet date is considered immaterial by management for reporting purposes.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are stated at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Maintenance and repairs of a routine nature are charged to expenditures as incurred and not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	10 to 50 years
Vehicles and equipment	5 to 30 years

LONG-TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts are recognized when incurred and not deferred. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums received on debt issuances, and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2020 there were deferred outflows representing PERS pension related deferrals, OPEB (RHIA), and OPEB stipends reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of items, which qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is in the governmental funds balance sheet for property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other type of item arises under full accrual accounting in the Statement of Net Position. At June 30, 2020 there were deferred inflows representing PERS pension related deferrals, OPEB (RHIA), OPEB implicit medical benefits, and OPEB stipends.

FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions*, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- Committed fund balance represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. Authority to classify portions of ending fund balance as Assigned is granted to the Superintendent and the Business Manager.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT PLANS

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS

Retirees electing to take part in any of the retirement programs will be allowed to continue the group medical, dental and/or vision insurance coverage at their own expense, subject to the terms and conditions of the OEGB or its successor. Insurance premiums may be deducted from the retiree's monthly stipend upon authorization of the retiree. The District is not paying any retirees group medical and dental insurance premiums.

ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Accrued salaries and benefits for vacation pay are calculated at fiscal year-end and adjusted to current salary costs including payroll related benefits. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements. Sick pay does not vest and is forfeited at resignation, retirement or death and is, therefore recorded as an expenditure when taken and no accrued liability is recorded.

APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

A budget is prepared for each fund, except the Agency Fund, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and legal requirements set forth in Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgetary basis of accounting is substantially the same as generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America with the following features:

- Capital outlay expenditures are expensed when purchased and depreciation is not calculated,
- Inventories of supplies are budgeted as expenditures when purchased or constructed,
- Compensated absences are expensed when paid rather than when accrued
- Interest is expensed when paid rather than when incurred
- Debt principal is recorded as an expense when paid instead of a liability reduction
- Debt issuance costs are expensed when paid rather than amortized
- OPEB benefits are expensed when paid rather than when incurred
- Property taxes are recorded as revenue when received rather than when levied
- Pension costs are not recorded as an expense until paid

Consistent with Oregon law, expenditures are appropriated for each legally adopted annual operating budget at the following levels of control:

- Instruction
- Support Services
- Enterprise and Community Services
- Facilities Acquisition and Construction
- Other Uses (Interagency/Fund Transactions and Debt Service)
- Contingency
- Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Budgetary appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of reimbursable grant expenditures and trust monies, which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted. After the original budget is adopted, the Board of Directors may approve appropriation transfers between levels of control. There were three amended appropriations adopted by the board during the year under audit. After budget approval, the Board of Directors may approve supplemental appropriations if any occurrence, condition or need exists which had not been anticipated at the time the budget was adopted. Expenditures of all the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

FAIR VALUE INPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

Level 2 – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs)

Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund’s own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2020:

		Reported In:	
Cash in Bank	\$ 262,748	Governmental Funds	\$ 9,122,481
Investments	<u>9,009,240</u>	Fiduciary Funds	<u>149,507</u>
	<u>\$ 9,271,988</u>		<u>\$ 9,271,988</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

There were the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in months)		
		Less than 3	3-18	18-59
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$ 9,009,240	\$ 9,009,240	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 9,009,240	\$ 9,009,240	\$ -	\$ -

DEPOSITS

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury. The total bank balance per the bank statements is \$463,508, of which \$399,507 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP).

INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize investing in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Fitch Ratings and Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record (A-2/P-2 if Oregon Commercial paper) and the state treasurer's investment pool.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here:

[http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-\(OSTF\).aspx](http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx)

If the link has expired please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

INTEREST RATE RISK - INVESTMENTS

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There were no investments that had a maturity date beyond three months.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – DEPOSITS

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CREDIT RISK - INVESTMENTS

Oregon Revised Statutes do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At June 30, 2020, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

4. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Accounts and other receivables are comprised primarily of claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal, state and local grant programs and various billings for services rendered. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded because management believes all receivables are collectible.

5. DUE TO/DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

The internal transfers are budgeted and recorded to show legal and operational commitments between funds such as cost sharing.

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

	Interfund Loans Receivable	Interfund Loans Payable
General Fund	\$ 54,089	\$ 2,459,748
Federal Grants Fund	-	426,478
Debt Service Fund	1,277,599	-
Other Governmental	1,262,929	253,031
Internal Service Fund	215,383	-
Fiduciary Fund	329,257	-
Totals	<u>\$ 3,139,257</u>	<u>\$ 3,139,257</u>

6. TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Operating transfers between funds were made to fund the various programs and activities as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
General Fund	\$ 697,299	248,999
Other Governmental	151,614	599,914
Totals	<u>\$ 848,913</u>	<u>\$ 848,913</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 787,025	\$ -	\$ (7,085)	\$ 779,940
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>787,025</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,085)</u>	<u>779,940</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings & improvements	37,035,772	703,035	(2,953,139)	34,785,668
Vehicles and equipment	2,837,064	77,579	(67,510)	2,847,133
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>39,872,836</u>	<u>780,614</u>	<u>(3,020,649)</u>	<u>37,632,801</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	28,708,160	709,352	(920,397)	28,497,115
Vehicles and equipment	1,897,669	333,452	(29,296)	2,201,825
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>30,605,829</u>	<u>1,042,804</u>	<u>(949,693)</u>	<u>30,698,940</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>9,267,007</u>			<u>6,933,861</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,054,032</u>			<u>\$ 7,713,801</u>

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following programs:

Program	
Instruction	\$ 605,123
Support services	416,658
Enterprise and community services	<u>21,023</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,042,804</u>

The District transferred land and swimming pool with remaining book value of \$7,085 and \$2,032,742 respectively, to Molalla Aquatic District. Two vehicles and a tractor with a combined remaining book value of \$38,214 were sold for \$338, all resulting in a combined loss on disposal of \$2,077,703.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonds are payable from the Debt Service Fund. The District is in compliance for continuing disclosure on all long-term bonds.

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2019	Reductions	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable				
Pension Obligations Bonds	\$ 14,117,695	\$ 511,594	\$ 13,606,101	\$ 601,509
Capital Leases				
Macbook Air Lease	32,544	32,544	-	-
	<u>14,150,239</u>	<u>544,138</u>	<u>13,606,101</u>	<u>601,509</u>
Discount related to Bond				
Accrued Discount on PERS Bond	143,955	36,276	107,679	36,750
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 14,294,194</u>	<u>\$ 580,414</u>	<u>\$ 13,713,780</u>	<u>\$ 638,259</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Principal and interest payment streams for Bonds Payable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Bond Principal	Bond Interest	Total
2021	601,509	1,384,292	1,985,801
2022	979,742	1,427,684	2,407,426
2023	1,059,850	1,461,680	2,521,530
2024	2,025,000	616,180	2,641,180
2025	2,270,000	503,067	2,773,067
2026-28	6,670,000	682,858	7,352,858
	<u>\$ 13,606,101</u>	<u>\$ 6,075,761</u>	<u>\$ 19,681,862</u>

The following pension obligations were outstanding at June 30, 2020:

Issue Date	Original Issue	Interest Coupon Rates	Final Maturity Date	Principal Balance Remaining
October 31, 2002	\$ 8,635,318	2.06-6.10	6-30-28	\$ 6,125,000
April 21, 2003	12,181,530	1.50-6.27	6-30-28	7,481,101
Total Outstanding:				<u>\$ 13,606,101</u>

9. OPERATING LEASES

There is an operating lease for copiers, with an annual payment of \$61,170. The operating lease obligation paid for the year ended June 30, 2020, was approximately \$55,710. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2020-21	61,170
2021-22	61,170
2022-23	61,170
Total	<u>\$ 183,510</u>

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

<https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2019-CAFR.pdf>

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238).** The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
- i. **Pension Benefits.** The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - ii. **Death Benefits.** Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits.** A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
 - iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement.** Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB).** The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
- i. **Pension Benefits.** This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.
A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
 - ii. **Death Benefits.** Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits.** A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective June 30, 2019.

The District, along with other Oregon governmental entities, have issued pensions bonds and the proceeds were used to make unfunded actuarial liability payments. These funds are in a set aside account and are invested in the same manner as other Oregon PERS funds. The set aside account for the District is amortized in a manner to offset the required pension contribution for its employees. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the credits from the side account totaled \$1,402,301 and satisfied in full the employer required contributions.

Pension Asset or Liability

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,113,376 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was .047 and .072 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$2,060,282.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2020 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 – 3.21%
- (2) OPSRP general services – 0.00%
- (3) PERS UAL Contribution – 0.00%

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 447,429	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	1,100,672	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	230,006
Net changes in proportionate share	2,749,034	2,387,181
Differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	1,500,900
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	4,297,135	4,118,087
District contributions subsequent to measuring date	1,402,301	-
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	<u>\$ 5,699,436</u>	<u>\$ 4,118,087</u>

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$4,297,135, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$4,118,087), net to \$179,048 and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2021	\$ 880,352
2022	(35,236)
2023	(86,036)
2024	(451,551)
2025	(128,481)
Thereafter	-
Total	<u>\$ 179,048</u>

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 4, 2020. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

<https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2019-CAFR.pdf>

Actuarial Valuations – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2019
Experience Study Report	2016, Published July 26, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Discount rate	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/1.15%) in accordance with Moro decision, blend based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Date Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%

Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 100

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target	Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
<i>Assumed Inflation - Mean</i>		<i>2.50%</i>

Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 74

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability, as of the measurement dates June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 7.20 percent for both years, for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease <u>(6.20%)</u>	Discount Rate <u>(7.20%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.20%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,992,852	\$ 8,113,376	\$ 4,029,927

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2019 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the District are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions:

Employees of the District pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

<https://www.oregon.gov/pers/emp/pages/GASB.aspx>

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA)

Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the District currently contributes 0.06% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.00% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2021. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The District's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2020 were \$46,950 and \$14,313, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net OPEB asset of \$249,478 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Consistent with GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 59(a), the District's proportion of the net OPEB asset is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. As of the measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was .13 percent and .10 percent, respectively. OPEB income for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$102,634.

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Components of OPEB Expense/(Income):

Employer's proportionate share of collective system OPEB Expense/(Income)	\$ (32,445)
Net amortization of employer-specific deferred amounts from:	
- Changes in proportionate share (per paragraph 64 of GASB 75)	(6,133)
- Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions (per paragraph 65 of GASB 75)	-
Employer's Total OPEB Expense/(Income)	<u>\$ (38,578)</u>

Components of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

	<u>Deferred Outflow of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflow of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (32,899)
Changes in assumptions	-	(258)
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	-	(15,399)
Net changes in proportionate share	1,435	(15,109)
Differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	<u>1,435</u>	<u>(63,665)</u>
District contributions subsequent to measuring date	-	-
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	<u>\$ 1,435</u>	<u>\$ (63,665)</u>

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$1,435, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$63,665), net to \$62,230 and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ (31,074)
2022	(29,177)
2023	(3,565)
2024	1,586
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	<u>\$ (62,230)</u>

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer report, as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019. That independently audited report was dated March 4, 2020 and can be found at:

<https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Documents/GASB/2019/GASB-75-RHIA-YE-06-30-2019.pdf>

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2019
Experience Study Report	2016, Published July 26, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Discount rate	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent
Retiree healthcare participation	Healthy retirees: 35%; Dsiables retirees: 20%
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and 2018, was 7.20 percent and 7.20 percent, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017, the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target	Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
<i>Assumed Inflation - Mean</i>		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 74)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 193,410	\$ 249,478	\$ 297,252

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2019 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (OPEB)

Early Retirement (Stipends)

A single employer, defined benefit early retirement supplement program is maintained. The program covers all teachers hired at the District prior to July 1, 2001. It was established under collective bargaining agreements and contains provisions for early retirement after reaching age 55 or after 30 years of credited service with PERS and at least 10 years of service with the District prior to normal retirement age. This optional early retirement program provides employees with a monthly stipend of \$400 until the teacher reaches age 62 or qualifies for social security benefits, whichever comes first. A teacher may be paid this stipend for a maximum of seven years and the retiree shall be obligated to either five or ten days of service to the District per year. The retirees electing to take part in this program will be allowed to continue in the group medical, dental and/or vision insurance coverage at their own expense. All payments under these programs terminate upon the employee's death. The District maintains single employer post-employment benefit programs (commonly referred to as early retirement). These programs cover licensed and administrative personnel of the District, individual employees, and certain retired employees.

Contributions and Funding Policy – The benefits from this program are fully paid and, consequently, no contributions by employees are required. There is no obligation to fund these benefits in advance. The only obligation is to make current benefit payments due each fiscal year. Consequently, it has not been found necessary to establish a pension trust fund, and payments are made on a pay-as-you-go basis each year out of the General Fund. An estimate of this liability for current retirees is done annually. There is no separately issued financial report for the plan. The annual expenditures recognized on a budgetary basis were approximately \$32,000, \$29,370 and \$23,800 for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively.

Annual OPEB Cost and Total OPEB Liability – The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the Total OPEB Liability, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. For detailed information and a table showing the components of the District's annual OPEB costs and liabilities, see page 41.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The Total OPEB Liability for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal method. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about mortality, claim cost and the healthcare cost trend. The actuarial assumptions included; (a) a rate of return on investment of present and future assets of 3% compounded annually; (b) no future increase in benefit payable from this program; (c) a general inflation rate of 2.5% per year, and (d) no post-retirement benefit increases and a payroll increase of 3%. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Under this method, the expected accrued benefit of each participant at benefit commencement (reflecting future expected increases in salaries and medical premiums) is allocated in equal proportion over the participant's years of service from hire to expected retirement. The normal cost is the present value of benefits expected to accrue in the current year. The present value of benefits accrued as of the valuation date is called the accrued liability.

The following table shows sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for the Stipend Benefit to changes in discount rates, as determined by the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>2.75%</u>	<u>3.75%</u>	<u>4.75%</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 150,467	\$ 146,455	\$ 142,388

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The actuary reported the following deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

**SITPEND BENEFIT - ACCOUNTING UNDER GASB 73
 SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIVE DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS**

Gain/Loss	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,236	\$ -
2. Changes of assumptions or other input	-	(7,318)
	\$ 19,236	\$ (7,318)

Subtotal amounts related to Pensions as deferred outflows of resources of \$19,236 and deferred inflows of resources of (\$7,318) net to \$11,918 will be recognized in Pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Amount
2021	11,918
2022	-
2023	-
2024	-
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 11,918

Funding Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2018, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$146,455, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0. Estimated covered payroll was \$1,521,607. The Actuarially Determined Contribution for June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 has been actuarially determined to be \$22,805, \$25,797 and \$19,544, respectively, for District contributions.

Program membership consisted of the following as of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation date:

Participant Counts:	
Active	22
Inactive	6
	28

Post-Employment Health Insurance Subsidy

Plan Description - A single-employer retiree benefit plan is maintained that provides postemployment health, dental vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements.

The post-retirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution.

The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan.

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy – The benefits from this program are paid by the retired employees on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation on the part of the District to fund these benefits in advance.

Annual OPEB Cost and Total OPEB Liability – The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the Total OPEB Liability, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. For detailed information and a table showing the components of the District’s annual OPEB costs and liabilities, see page 42.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The Total OPEB Liability for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal method. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about mortality, claim cost and the healthcare cost trend. The actuarial assumptions included; (a) a rate of return on investment of present and future assets of 4% compounded annually; (b) no future increase in benefit payable from this program; and (c) no post-retirement benefit increases and a payroll increase of 3%. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The following tables show sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for the Medical Benefit to changes in discount and trend rates, as determined by the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>2.75%</u>	<u>3.75%</u>	<u>4.75%</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,604,676	\$ 2,435,982	\$ 2,233,457

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
	6.00% Graded <u>Down to 4.00%</u>	7.00% Graded <u>Down to 5.00%</u>	8.00% Graded <u>Down to 6.00%</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,115,305	\$ 2,435,982	\$ 2,766,871

Funding Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2018, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,435,982, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0. Estimated covered payroll was \$13,325,625. The Actuarially Determined Contribution for June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 has been actuarially determined to be \$89,385, \$85,506, and \$182,045 respectively for District contributions.

Program membership consisted of the following as of the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation date:

Participant Counts:	
Active	253
Inactive	<u>22</u>
	<u>275</u>

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The actuary reported the following deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

**MEDICAL BENEFIT - ACCOUNTING UNDER GASB 75
 SCHEDULE OF COLLECTIVE DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS**

Gain/Loss	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (312,023)
2. Changes of assumptions or other input	-	(542,984)
	\$ -	\$ (855,007)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Amount
2021	\$ (142,502)
2022	(142,502)
2023	(142,502)
2024	(142,502)
Thereafter	(284,999)
Total	\$ (855,007)

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks or losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased for all claims other than that represented by minimal deductible amounts per loss. Workers' compensation insurance is purchased to manage the risk of loss as the total insurance cost is ultimately in direct proportion to losses. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years and there have been no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

As of November 2020, a lawsuit was pending against the District by a former employee regarding a Tort claims pursuant to ORS 30.275. As of the publishing date of this report, the potential liability for the District is unknown. Management is working with their insurers' defense counsel, and believe the insurance they have in place will cover the entirety of the potential liability, should one exist. This is the only outstanding material potential liability the District is aware of as of November 18, 2020, the issuance date of the basic financial statements.

14. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The Voters of the State of Oregon imposed a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for school operations are limited to \$5 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The result of this requirement has been that school districts have become more dependent upon state funding and less dependent upon property tax revenues as their major source of operating revenue.

The State Voters further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A substantial portion of operating funding is received from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through state-wide revenue projections that are paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the state school fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate, they can cause either increases or decreases in revenue. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on the operations cannot be determined.

The District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The federal audits for these programs for the year ended June 30, 2020 have not been conducted. Accordingly, compliance with grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although such amounts are expected by management to be immaterial.

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused substantial disruption to business and local governments due to mandated and voluntary suspension of operations and stay at home orders. There is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the outbreak and the long-term impact to the overall economy. However, the District expects the reduction of economic activity to negatively impact funds received.

16. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Deferred Compensation Plan -A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 403(b) and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. These funds are deposited at the direction of the participant to qualified vendor accounts owned and directed by the participants. The assets of the plan are not considered assets or liabilities of the District.

17. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2020, the District potentially had tax abatements through various state allowed programs that impacted levied taxes. Based on the information from the county as of the date of issuance of these basic financial statements, there were no material abatements disclosed by the county for the year ended June 30, 2020 for any program covered under GASB 77.

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
At June 30, 2020

PERS

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	(b) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL)	(c) Employer's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.047 %	\$ 8,113,376	\$ 12,803,053	63.4 %	80.2 %
2019	0.072	10,904,884	12,221,311	89.2	82.1
2018	0.045	6,075,434	11,968,086	50.8	83.1
2017	0.029	4,353,052	11,243,524	38.7	80.5
2016	0.000	-	10,258,313	-	91.9
2015	0.000	-	10,069,616	-	103.6
2014	0.000	-	9,800,106	-	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Year	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$ 1,402,301	\$ 1,402,301	\$ -	\$ 13,294,951	10.5 %
2019	1,334,283	1,334,283	-	12,803,053	10.4
2018	1,348,379	1,348,379	-	12,221,311	11.0
2017	1,213,830	1,213,830	-	11,968,086	10.1
2016	-	-	-	11,243,524	-
2015	-	-	-	10,258,313	-
2014	-	-	-	10,069,616	-

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
June 30, 2020

PLAN I (STIPENDS):

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Year Ended June 30,	Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	Service Cost	Interest	Changes of Benefit Terms	Changes of Assumptions	Benefit Payments	Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	Estimated Covered Payroll	Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 160,189	\$ 3,365	\$ 5,706	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ (22,805)	\$ 146,455	\$ 1,521,607	9.63%
2019	142,741	3,487	4,000	0	35,758	(25,797)	160,189	1,470,152	10.90%
2018	154,507	3,385	4,393	0	0	(19,544)	142,741	1,886,329	7.57%
2017	169,214	3,385	4,784	0	0	(22,876)	154,507	1,831,387	8.44%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Actuarially Determined Contribution	(b) Contributions During Year	(b)-(a) Difference	(c) Covered Payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll
2020	\$ 22,805	\$ 32,000	\$ 9,195	\$ 1,521,607	2%
2019	25,797	29,370	3,573	1,470,152	2%
2018	19,544	23,800	4,256	1,886,329	1%
2017	22,876	35,852	12,976	1,831,387	2%
2016	19,544	78,330	58,766	-	N/A

The above table presents the most recent actuarial valuations for the District's post-retirement pension stipend and it provides information that approximates the funding progress of the plan.

In implementing GASB Statement No. 73 and No. 75, the following changes since the prior valuation were implemented; (i) the actuarial cost method was changed from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal, (ii) the interest rate for discounting future liabilities was lowered to match municipal bond rates, (iii) premium increase rates were modified to reflect anticipated experience, (iv) the percentage of future retirees covering a spouse on the plan was decreased to reflect the anticipated experience, (v) demographic assumptions were revised to match (as closely as possible) those developed in the most recent experience study for Oregon PERS, and (vi) an implicit rate subsidy is now being valued for participants in the health plans. In prior valuations, the District's participating in the health plans determined to be a community rated arrangement.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
June 30, 2020

PLAN II (HEALTH INSURANCE)
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Year Ended June 30,	Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	Service Cost	Interest	Changes of Benefit Terms	Changes of Assumptions	Benefit Payments	Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	Estimated Covered Payroll	Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2020	\$ 2,253,602	\$ 159,276	\$ 112,489	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ (89,385)	\$ 2,435,982	\$ 13,325,625	18.28%
2019	3,180,506	198,525	100,088	0	(1,140,011)	(85,506)	2,253,602	12,875,000	17.50%
2018	3,077,328	192,743	92,480	0	0	(182,045)	3,180,506	12,348,326	25.76%
2017	2,960,685	192,743	89,232	0	0	(165,332)	3,077,328	11,988,666	25.67%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Actuarially Determined Contribution	(b) Contributions During Year	(b)-(a) Difference	(c) Covered Payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll
2020	\$ 89,385	N/A	\$ (89,385)	\$ 13,325,625	N/A
2019	\$ 85,506	N/A	\$ (85,506)	\$ 12,875,000	N/A
2018	182,045	N/A	(182,045)	12,348,326	N/A
2017	165,332	N/A	(165,332)	11,988,666	N/A

The above table presents the most recent actuarial valuations for the District's post-retirement health insurance and it provides information that approximates the funding progress of the plan.

In implementing GASB Statement No. 73 and No. 75, the following changes since the prior valuation were implemented; (i) the actuarial cost method was changed from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal, (ii) the interest rate for discounting future liabilities was lowered to match municipal bond rates, (iii) premium increase rates were modified to reflect anticipated experience, (iv) the percentage of future retirees covering a spouse on the plan was decreased to reflect the anticipated experience, (v) demographic assumptions were revised to match (as closely as possible) those developed in the most recent experience study for Oregon PERS, and (vi) an implicit rate subsidy is now being valued for participants in the health plans. In prior valuations, the District's participating in the health plans determined to be a community rated arrangement.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
At June 30, 2020

OPEB - RHIA

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB - RHIA ASSET/LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net OPEB asset/ (liability) (NOA/(L))	(b) Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset/ (liability) (NOA/(L))	(c) Employer's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2020	0.129 %	\$ 249,478	\$ 12,803,053	1.9 %	144.4 %
2019	0.102	113,421	12,221,311	0.9	124.0
2018	0.118	49,188	11,968,086	0.4	108.9
2017	(0.119)	(32,232)	11,243,524	(0.3)	90.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Year	Statutorily required contribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ 13,294,951	n/a %
2019	n/a	n/a	n/a	12,803,053	n/a
2018	n/a	n/a	n/a	12,221,311	n/a
2017	n/a	n/a	n/a	11,968,086	n/a

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

GENERAL FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 8,990,500	\$ 8,990,500	\$ 9,307,440	\$ 316,940
Intermediate sources	360,000	360,000	281,636	(78,364)
State sources	19,664,910	19,664,910	20,183,445	518,535
Federal sources	45,201	45,201	50,390	5,189
Total revenues	29,060,611	29,060,611	29,822,911	762,300
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	16,574,487	16,574,487 (1)	16,454,980	119,507
Support services	11,927,012	11,927,012 (1)	11,601,323	325,689
Contingency	843,921	843,921 (1)		843,921
Total expenditures	29,345,420	29,345,420	28,056,303	1,289,117
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(284,809)	(284,809)	1,766,608	2,051,417
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	338	338
Transits	(32,189)	(32,189) (1)	(32,189)	-
Transfer out	(705,490)	(705,490) (1)	(697,299)	8,191
Total other financing sources (uses)	(737,679)	(737,679)	(729,150)	8,529
Net change in fund balance	(1,022,488)	(1,022,488)	1,037,458	2,059,946
FUND BALANCE, beginning of the year	4,132,395	4,132,395	4,279,326	146,931
FUND BALANCE, end of the year	<u>\$ 3,109,907</u>	<u>\$ 3,109,907</u>	<u>\$ 5,316,784</u>	<u>\$ 2,206,877</u>

(1) Appropriation level

Reconciliation to governmental fund balance as required by GASB #54

Ending fund balance	
MHS land lab	53,760
	<u>\$ 5,370,544</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$ 1,130,822	\$ 1,175,572	\$ 1,029,045	\$ (146,527)
Total revenues	1,130,822	1,175,572	1,029,045	(146,527)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	687,932	696,932 (1)	645,792	51,140
Support services	386,399	422,149 (1)	364,707	57,442
Community Service	56,491	56,491 (1)	18,546	37,945
Total expenditures	1,130,822	1,175,572	1,029,045	146,527
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

DEBT SERVICE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 2,170,748	\$ 2,170,748	\$ 2,284,635	\$ 113,887
Total revenues	2,170,748	2,170,748	2,284,635	113,887
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service	2,170,748	2,170,748 (1)	2,170,383	365
Contingency	1,140,000	1,140,000 (1)	-	1,140,000
Total expenditures	3,310,748	3,310,748	2,170,383	1,140,365
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,140,000)	(1,140,000)	114,252	1,254,252
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,140,000	1,140,000	1,190,140	50,140
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,304,392	\$ 1,304,392

(1) Appropriation Level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 June 30, 2020

	FOOD SERVICE	PUBLIC PURPOSE	E-RATE	MHS ATHLETIC
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts receivable	37,578	-	45,132	325
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	-
Due from other governmental funds	126,592	192,195	44,096	110,541
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 164,170	\$ 192,195	\$ 89,228	\$ 110,866
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Due to other governmental funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	9,248	-	-	-
Total liabilities	9,248	-	-	-
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	154,922	192,195	-	-
Committed	-	-	89,228	-
Assigned	-	-	-	110,866
Total fund balances	154,922	192,195	89,228	110,866
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 164,170	\$ 192,195	\$ 89,228	\$ 110,866

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 June 30, 2020

CAPITAL RESERVE	CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION	MISC. COMMUNITY GRANTS	STATE FUNDED GRANTS	TOTAL
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
195,189	-	-	251,706	529,930
-	26,659	-	-	26,659
489,598	259,606	40,301	-	1,262,929
-	-	2,000	2,000	4,000
<u>684,787</u>	<u>286,265</u>	<u>42,301</u>	<u>253,706</u>	<u>1,823,518</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 253,031	\$ 253,031
-	-	-	675	9,923
-	-	-	253,706	262,954
-	286,265	42,301	-	675,683
684,787	-	-	-	774,015
-	-	-	-	110,866
<u>684,787</u>	<u>286,265</u>	<u>42,301</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,560,564</u>
<u>\$ 684,787</u>	<u>\$ 286,265</u>	<u>\$ 42,301</u>	<u>\$ 253,706</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,518</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	FOOD SERVICE	PUBLIC PURPOSE	E-RATE	MHS ATHLETIC
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 212,417	\$ 45,287	\$ 88,121	\$ 217,082
State sources	15,049	-	-	-
Federal sources	427,978	-	-	-
Total revenues	655,444	45,287	88,121	217,082
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	-	-	-	490,290
Support services	-	-	42,882	25,619
Enterprise and community services	610,324	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	610,324	-	42,882	515,909
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	45,120	45,287	45,239	(298,827)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	-	-	-	348,300
Transfer out	-	(151,614)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(151,614)	-	348,300
Net change in fund balance	45,120	(106,327)	45,239	49,473
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	109,802	298,522	43,989	61,393
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 154,922	\$ 192,195	\$ 89,228	\$ 110,866

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

CAPITAL RESERVE	CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION	MISC. COMMUNITY GRANTS	STATE FUNDED GRANTS	TOTAL
\$ 112,800	\$ 101,123	\$ 74,948	\$ -	\$ 851,778
291,003	-	-	537,652	843,704
-	-	-	-	427,978
<u>403,803</u>	<u>101,123</u>	<u>74,948</u>	<u>537,652</u>	<u>2,123,460</u>
-	-	87,346	205,242	782,878
57,062	-	20,847	299,458	445,868
-	-	-	-	610,324
<u>723,647</u>	<u>229,270</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32,952</u>	<u>985,869</u>
<u>780,709</u>	<u>229,270</u>	<u>108,193</u>	<u>537,652</u>	<u>2,824,939</u>
(376,906)	(128,147)	(33,245)	-	(701,479)
251,614	-	-	-	599,914
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(151,614)</u>
<u>251,614</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>448,300</u>
(125,292)	(128,147)	(33,245)	-	(253,179)
<u>810,079</u>	<u>414,412</u>	<u>75,546</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,813,743</u>
<u>\$ 684,787</u>	<u>\$ 286,265</u>	<u>\$ 42,301</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,560,564</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

FOOD SERVICE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 228,000	\$ 228,000	\$ 212,417	\$ (15,583)
State sources	24,500	24,500	15,049 (2)	(9,451)
Federal sources	522,000	522,000	427,978	(94,022)
Total revenues	774,500	774,500	655,444	(119,056)
EXPENDITURES				
Enterprise and community services	874,500	874,500 (1)	610,324	264,176
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(100,000)	(100,000)	45,120	145,120
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	100,000	100,000	109,802	9,802
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 154,922	\$ 154,922

(1) Appropriation level

(2) Included in this is the required state revenue match of \$7,991 the District must recognize in the Food Service Fund for National School Lunch Support in order to meet the general cash assistance match.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

PUBLIC PURPOSE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 45,287	\$ 5,287
EXPENDITURES				
Facilities acquisition and construction	165,000	165,000 (1)	-	165,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(125,000)	(125,000)	45,287	170,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer In	-	-	-	-
Transfer out	(175,000)	(175,000) (1)	(151,614)	23,386
Total other financing sources (uses)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(151,614)	23,386
Net change in fund balance	(300,000)	(300,000)	(106,327)	193,673
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	300,000	300,000	298,522	(1,478)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 192,195	\$ 192,195

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

E-RATE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 88,121	\$ 3,121
EXPENDITURES				
Support services	105,000	105,000 (1)	42,882	62,118
Total expenditures	105,000	105,000	42,882	62,118
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(20,000)	(20,000)	45,239	65,239
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	20,000	20,000	43,989	23,989
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,228	\$ 89,228

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

MHS ATHLETIC
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 192,500	\$ 192,500	\$ 217,082	\$ 24,582
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	555,800	555,800 (1)	490,290	65,510
Support services	35,000	35,000 (1)	25,619	9,381
Total expenditures	590,800	590,800	515,909	74,891
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(398,300)	(398,300)	(298,827)	99,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	348,300	348,300	348,300	-
Net change in fund balance	(50,000)	(50,000)	49,473	99,473
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	50,000	50,000	61,393	11,393
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,866	\$ 110,866

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 114,000	\$ 114,000	\$ 112,800	\$ (1,200)
State Sources	-	-	291,003	291,003
Total revenues	114,000	114,000	403,803	289,803
EXPENDITURES				
Support services	75,000	75,000 (1)	57,062	17,938
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,149,000	1,149,000 (1)	723,647	425,353
Total expenditures	1,224,000	1,224,000	780,709	443,291
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,110,000)	(1,110,000)	(376,906)	733,094
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers In	275,000	275,000	251,614	(23,386)
Net change in fund balance	(835,000)	(835,000)	(125,292)	709,708
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	835,000	835,000	810,079	(24,921)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 684,787	\$ 684,787

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 101,123	\$ 1,123
EXPENDITURES				
Support services	20,000	20,000 (1)	-	20,000
Facilities acquisition and construction	355,000	355,000 (1)	229,270	125,730
Total expenditures	375,000	375,000	229,270	145,730
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(275,000)	(275,000)	(128,147)	146,853
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	275,000	275,000	414,412	139,412
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 286,265	\$ 286,265

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

MISCELLANEOUS COMMUNITY GRANTS
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 74,948	\$ (65,052)
Total revenues	140,000	140,000	74,948	(65,052)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	136,650	136,650 (1)	87,346	49,304
Support services	28,350	28,350 (1)	20,847	7,503
Enterprise and community services	5,000	5,000 (1)	-	5,000
Total expenditures	170,000	170,000	108,193	61,807
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(30,000)	(30,000)	(33,245)	(3,245)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	30,000	30,000	75,546	45,546
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,301	\$ 42,301

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

STATE FUNDED GRANTS
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
State sources	\$ 502,263	\$ 1,110,266	\$ 537,652	\$ (572,614)
Total revenues	502,263	1,110,266	537,652	(572,614)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	291,434	293,447 (1)	205,242	88,205
Support services	205,829	357,687 (1)	299,458	58,229
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	5,000	59,132 (1)	32,952	26,180
Total expenditures	502,263	710,266	537,652	172,614
Net change in fund balance	-	400,000	-	(400,000)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ (400,000)

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

MHS LAND LAB

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 23,374	\$ 7,374
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	254,202	254,202 (1)	217,870	36,332
Support services	56,488	56,488 (1)	51,929	4,559
Total expenditures	310,690	310,690	269,799	40,891
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(294,690)	(294,690)	(246,425)	48,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	257,190	257,190	248,999	(8,191)
Total other financing sources (uses)	257,190	257,190	248,999	(8,191)
Net change in fund balance	(37,500)	(37,500)	2,574	40,074
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	37,500	37,500	51,186	13,686
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,760	\$ 53,760

(1) Appropriation level

Note: This fund's activities have been combined with the General Fund activities in accordance with GASB #54 due to its financial resources being derived primarily from General Fund Transfers.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND (PROPRIETARY FUND)
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Adopted	Final		
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 11,212	\$ (3,788)
Total Revenues	15,000	15,000	11,212	(3,788)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	-	-	-	-
Support services	240,000	240,000 (1)	26,200	213,800
Total expenditures	240,000	240,000	26,200	213,800
Net change in fund balance	(225,000)	(225,000)	(14,988)	210,012
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	225,000	225,000	220,035	(4,965)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 205,047	\$ 205,047

(1) Appropriation level

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

AGENCY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>BALANCES</u> <u>JULY 1, 2019</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	<u>BALANCES</u> <u>JUNE 30, 2020</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Student activity funds:				
Molalla High School	\$ 107,060	\$ 198,919	\$ 210,874	\$ 95,105
Molalla River Middle School	30,736	43,098	34,789	39,045
Clarkes Elementary School	4,386	2,720	2,279	4,827
Molalla Elementary School	5,992	10,356	10,930	5,417
Mulino Elementary School	2,442	1,847	1,747	2,542
Rural Dell Elementary School	3,052	9,398	9,880	2,570
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
 Total assets	 <u>\$ 153,668</u>	 <u>\$ 266,339</u>	 <u>270,500</u>	 <u>149,507</u>
 LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups	<u>\$ 153,668</u>	<u>\$ 266,339</u>	<u>\$ 270,500</u>	<u>\$ 149,507</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

TAX YEAR	ORIGINAL LEVY OR BALANCE UNCOLLECTED AT July 1, 2019	DEDUCT DISCOUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS TO ROLLS	ADD INTEREST	CASH COLLECTIONS BY COUNTY TREASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UN- SEGREGATED AT June 30, 2020
Current Year						
2019-20	\$ 9,032,834	\$ 79	\$ (259,352)	\$ 3,017	\$ 8,631,974	\$ 144,447
Prior Years						
2018-19	125,188	11	(11,930)	5,706	66,836	52,117
2017-18	51,678	-	(7,417)	4,570	19,858	28,973
2016-17	28,803	-	(5,868)	5,554	16,896	11,593
2015-16	12,409	-	(3,368)	3,163	8,886	3,318
2014-15 & Prior	21,696	-	(483)	(85)	7,077	14,051
Total prior	239,774	11	(29,066)	18,907	119,554	110,051
TOTALS	\$ 9,272,608	\$ 90	\$ (288,418)	21,925	\$ 8,751,528	\$ 254,498

Cash Collections by County Treasurer	\$ 8,751,528
Accrual of Receivables	
June 30, 2019	(84,926)
June 30, 2020	121,963
Taxes in lieu	(20,254)
Total Receipts	\$ 8,768,311

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2020

Program Title	Pass Through Organization	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Period Covered	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education						
F210 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	Oregon Department of Education	84.010	50433	7/1/19-9/30/19	25,198	
	Oregon Department of Education	84.010	53314	7/1/19-6/30/20	\$ 358,400	
	Oregon Department of Education	84.010	54332	7/1/19-6/30/20	44,674	
F210 Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies					428,272	
F213 Title III - Language Instruction	Oregon Department of Education	84.365	50264	7/1/19-9/30/19	1,742	
	Oregon Department of Education	84.365	53437	7/1/19-6/30/20	10,190	
F213 Total Title III - Language Instruction					11,933	
F218 Title IVA - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	Oregon Department of Education	84.	50769	7/1/19-6/30/20	15,421	
	Oregon Department of Education	84.	54566	7/1/19-6/30/20	3,284	
F218 Total Title IVA - Student Support and Academic Enrichment					18,705	
F220 Title IIA - Teacher Quality	Oregon Department of Education	84.367	49353	7/1/19-6/30/20	10,387	
	Oregon Department of Education	84.367	53576	7/1/19-6/30/20	48,694	
F220 Total Title IIA - Teacher Quality					59,081	
F222 Title 1C - Migrant Education	ODE>Clackamas ESD	84.011		7/1/19-6/30/20	13,284	
F223 Title 1C - Migrant Summer Education	ODE>Clackamas ESD	84.011		7/1/19-6/30/20	43,453	
F222-3 Total Title 1C - Migrant Education	NOT ON MRSD A-133				56,736	NOT ON A-133
F230 Perkins - Reserve Fund	ODE>Clackamas ESD	84.048		7/1/19-9/30/19	1,668	
	ODE>Clackamas ESD	84.048		7/1/19-6/30/20	15,465	
F230 Total Perkins Grants	NOT ON MRSD A-133				17,133	NOT ON A-133
F236 Special Education Cluster	Part B Sect 611 Oregon Department of Education	84.027	49913	7/1/19-9/30/19	2,589	
	Part B Sect 611 Oregon Department of Education	84.027	56696	7/1/19-6/30/20	6,777	
	Part B Sect 611 Oregon Department of Education	84.027	53868	7/1/19-6/30/20	427,616	
	Extended Assessment Oregon Department of Education	84.027	54658	7/1/19-6/30/20	203	
F235 Total IDEA Special Education Cluster					437,184	
Foster Care Transportation	Oregon Department of Education	93.658		7/1/19-6/30/20	4,499	
F100 Foster Care Transportation					4,499	
Total U.S. Department of Education					1,033,543	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services						
F100 Medicaid	DHS Medicaid			7/1/19-6/30/20	9,796	
	YTP Grant Contract #160729 Yr 1 of 2	84.126A	160729	7/1/19-6/30/20	33,011	
F100 Total DHS	NOT ON MRSD A-133				42,807	NOT ON A-133
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services					42,807	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						
Non-Cash Assistance Should be Documented						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Donated Commodities (Non-Cash Assistance)	Oregon Department of Education	10.553/555		7/1/19 - 6/30/20	54,447	
School Breakfast Program	Oregon Department of Education	10.553		7/1/19 - 6/30/20	41,511	
National School Lunch Program	Oregon Department of Education	10.555		7/1/19 - 6/30/20	229,018	
Summer Food = SFSP	Oregon Department of Education	10.559		7/1/19-7/31/19	15,420	
CARES = SFSP	Oregon Department of Education	10.559		3/1/20 - 6/30/20	87,580.23	
Refunded FDP FEES	Oregon Department of Education	10.56		7/1/19 - 6/30/19	1	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					427,978	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					427,978	
Total FEDERAL Grants/Monies Expended or Passed Through to Subrecipients					\$ 1,504,329	
Reconciliation to Federal Revenue:						
					Federal Revenue Expended	\$ 1,504,329
					Accruals/Deferrals	(3,084)
					Federal Revenue Recognized	<u>\$ 1,507,413</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

OTHER INFORMATION

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MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

SCHEDULE OF BOND AND BOND INTEREST TRANSACTIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

ISSUE DATE	ORIGINAL ISSUE	LIMITED TAX PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS				INTEREST COUPON RATES	
		OUTSTANDING AT JUNE 30, 2019		REDEEMED	ISSUED		OUTSTANDING
		MATURED	AT JUNE 30, 2020				
October 31, 2002, Series 2002	\$ 8,635,318	\$ 6,308,330	\$ -	\$ 183,332	\$ -	\$ 6,124,998	2.06-6.10
April 21, 2003, Series 2003	12,181,530	7,809,365	-	328,262	-	7,481,103	1.50-6.27
TOTALS	\$ 20,816,848	\$ 14,117,695	\$ -	\$ 511,594	\$ -	\$ 13,606,101	

ISSUE DATE	INTEREST				
	OUTSTANDING AT JUNE 30, 2019		REDEEMED	ISSUED	OUTSTANDING
	MATURED	AT JUNE 30, 2020			
October 31, 2002, Series 2002	\$	\$ 685,568	685,568	\$ -	\$ -
April 21, 2003, Series 2003	-	970,388	970,388	-	-
TOTALS	\$ -	\$ 1,655,956	\$ 1,655,956	\$ -	\$ -

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

SCHEDULE OF BOND REDEMPTION AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	LIMITED TAX PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS				TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	
	OCTOBER 31, 2002 ISSUE		APRIL 21, 2003 ISSUE		ALL ISSUES	
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2020-2021	275,000	347,151	326,509	1,037,141	601,509	1,384,292
2021-2022	655,000	323,776	324,742	1,103,908	979,742	1,427,684
2022-2023	735,000	287,882	324,850	1,173,798	1,059,850	1,461,680
2023-2024	825,000	247,530	1,200,000	368,650	2,025,000	616,180
2024-2025	925,000	201,743	1,345,000	301,324	2,270,000	503,067
2025-2026	1,030,000	150,400	1,500,000	224,928	2,530,000	375,328
2026-2027	1,145,000	93,240	1,670,000	139,728	2,815,000	232,968
2027-2028	535,000	29,693	790,000	44,869	1,325,000	74,562
TOTALS	<u>\$ 6,125,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,681,415</u>	<u>\$ 7,481,101</u>	<u>\$ 4,394,346</u>	<u>13,606,101</u>	<u>6,075,761</u>

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION, 2019-20

School District Business Managers and Auditors:

This page is a required part of your annual audited financial statements. Please make sure it is included.

Part A is needed for computing Oregon's full allocation for ESEA, Title I & other Federal Funds for Education.

A.		Energy bills for heating - all funds:		<u>Objects 325 and 326 & *327</u>
			Function 2540	\$ 550,261
			Function 2550	-
B.		Replacement of equipment - General Fund:		<u>Amount</u>
		Include all General Fund expenditures in Object 542, except for the following exclusions:		
		Exclude these functions:		\$ 38,868
1113, 1122 & 1132	Co-curricular activities	4150	Construction	
1140	Pre-kindergarten	2550	Pupil transportation	
1300	Continuing education	3100	Food service	
1400	Summer school	3300	Community services	

* (water and sewage) has been added to Part A to be included in the Function 3540 and 2550 totals

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 35
 CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA

LEVY RATES (per \$1,000)		ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUES	General Obligation Debt Capacity	
Fiscal Year	Permanent Rate*		M5 Real Market Value	7.95% M5 RMV
2013-14	4.7001	1,485,770,682	1,696,157,599	134,844,529 *
2014-15	4.7001	1,554,928,159	1,823,766,155	144,989,409 *
2015-16	4.7001	1,627,255,937	2,018,571,774	160,476,456 *
2016-17	4.7001	1,696,509,923	2,256,466,510	179,389,088 *
2017-18	4.7001	1,764,687,522	2,509,874,799	199,535,047 *
2018-19	4.7001	1,979,238,903	2,975,012,098	236,513,462 *
2019-20	4.7001	2,088,847,464	3,281,657,628	260,891,781 *
* No other levies			* No General Obligation Debt Outstanding	

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

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November 18, 2020

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Molalla River School District 35 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

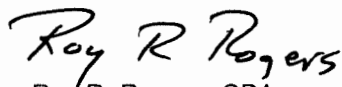
- **Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).**
- **Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.**
- **Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).**
- **Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.**
- **Programs funded from outside sources.**
- **Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).**
- **Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).**
- **State school fund factors and calculation.**

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.



Roy R. Rogers, CPA
PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



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November 18, 2020

To the Board of Directors
Molalla River School District 35
Clackamas County, Oregon

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, fiduciary funds, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Molalla River School District 35 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

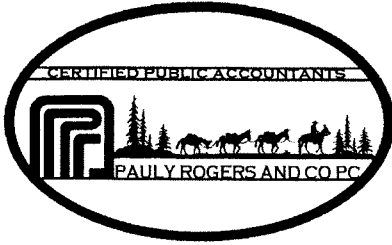
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



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November 18, 2020

To the Board of Directors
Molalla River School District 35
Clackamas County, Oregon

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Molalla School District 35's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Molalla River School District 35 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

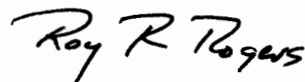
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Roy R. Rogers, CPA
PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

MOLALLA RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT 35
CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditors’ Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditors’ report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses _____ Yes X No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____ Yes X No

Any GAGAS findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance? _____ Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses _____ Yes X None reported

Type of auditors’ report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance? _____ Yes X No

Identification of major programs

<u>CFDA Number(s):</u> 84.010	<u>Name of Federal Program:</u> Title I
----------------------------------	--

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes _____ No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report includes the federal grant activity and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditure of federal awards are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The District has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance, due to the fact that they already have a negotiated indirect cost rate with Oregon Department of Education and thus is not allowed to use the de minimis rate.